

UTAH DIVISION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES

# BLACK BEAR

GUIDEBOOK



2020

## CONTACT US

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Email: [turninapoacher@utah.gov](mailto:turninapoacher@utah.gov)

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### Division offices

Offices are open 8 a.m.–5 p.m.,  
Monday through Friday.

#### Salt Lake City

1594 W North Temple  
Box 146301  
Salt Lake City, UT 84114-6301  
801-538-4700

#### Central Region

1115 N Main Street  
Springville, UT 84663  
801-491-5678

#### Northeastern Region

318 N Vernal Avenue  
Vernal, UT 84078  
435-781-9453

#### Northern Region

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Ogden, UT 84405  
801-476-2740

#### Southeastern Region

319 N Carbonville Road, Ste A  
Price, UT 84501  
435-613-3700

#### Southern Region

1470 N Airport Road  
Cedar City, UT 84721  
435-865-6100

#### Washington County Field Office

451 N SR-318  
Hurricane, UT 84737  
435-879-8694



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## WHAT'S NEW?

**Apply for hunts:** You can apply for Utah's 2020 limited-entry black bear hunts from Feb. 3–24, 2020. The results of the black bear drawing will be available on or before March 4, 2020. For additional details, see page 14.

**Pack size restrictions:** Starting in 2020, the maximum number of dogs that can be used to pursue a bear has been set at 16 for the spring and fall seasons. During all summer pursuit seasons and restricted summer pursuit seasons, there's an eight-dog maximum. For details, see page 25.

**Pursuit clarifications:** Please remember that you may not pursue a single bear in repeated pursuits to the point where it renders the bear physically unable to escape. You must also make reasonable efforts to call dogs off of a bear that has been cornered or held at bay. For details, see page 28.

**Change to permit surrender processes:** Starting in 2020, the permit surrender process has changed. If you want to surrender your black bear hunting permit, you are strongly encouraged to do so **at least 30 days before the season opens** to avoid losing your previously accrued bonus points. For details, see page 17 or visit [wildlife.utah.gov/refund](http://wildlife.utah.gov/refund).

**New spring restricted pursuit seasons for nonresidents:** The Utah Wildlife Board approved new spring restricted pursuit seasons for nonresident pursuers on the Book Cliffs, La Sal and San Juan units. Nonresidents must apply for spring restricted pursuit limited-entry permits in the black bear drawing. Residents who want to pursue bears on those units during the spring season can do so by purchasing pursuit permits at [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov), from a license agent or at any Division office. For details, see page 11.

## KNOW THE LAWS

This guidebook summarizes Utah's black bear hunting laws and rules. Although it is a convenient quick-reference document for Utah's regulations, it is not an all-encompassing resource.

For an in-depth look at Utah's black bear hunting laws and rules, visit [wildlife.utah.gov/rules](http://wildlife.utah.gov/rules).

You can use the references in the guidebook—such as *Utah Code § 23-20-3* and *Utah Administrative Rule R657-33-3*—to search the Division's website for the detailed statute or rule that underpins the guidebook summary.

If you have questions about a particular rule, call or visit the nearest Division office.

### Who makes the rules?

The Utah Wildlife Board passes the rules and laws summarized in this guidebook.

There are seven board members, and each serves a six-year term. Appointed by the governor, board members are not Division employees.

The Division's director serves as the board's executive secretary but does not have a vote on wildlife policies.

Before board members make changes to wildlife rules, they listen to recommendations from Division biologists. They also receive input from the public and various interest groups via the Regional Advisory Council (RAC) process.

If you have feedback or suggestions for board members, you can find their contact information online at [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov).

### Wildlife Board members

Byron Bateman, *Chair*  
Kevin Albrecht, *Vice Chair*  
Mike Fowlks,  
*Division Director &*  
*Executive Secretary*

Randy Dearth  
Wade Heaton  
Karl Hirst  
Donnie Hunter  
Bret Selman

**Ethics component in mandatory orientation course:** You are required to complete the online bear orientation course before you can apply for or purchase a black bear permit, a bonus point, a pursuit permit or a restricted pursuit limited-entry permit. This year, the course contains new content focused on hunting ethics. You can find the course at [wildlife.utah.gov/bear](http://wildlife.utah.gov/bear) and you can read more about hunting ethics in the article on page 20.

**Permit increases:** The Utah Wildlife Board approved permit increases for many hunting units. For details on how many permits are available, see the hunt tables that begin on page 33.

**Hunting in Utah State Parks:** Hunting of wildlife is allowed within the boundaries of all Utah State Park areas, **except** those areas and hunts specifically closed by the Utah Division of State Parks and Recreation in *Utah Admin. Rule R651-614*.

**Dog restriction on Book Cliffs, Bitter Creek/South unit:** The fall hunt on the Book Cliffs, Bitter Creek/South unit runs from Aug. 1–Nov. 14, 2020. Hunters will be allowed to use

dogs on this unit during the early and later parts of the season. Dogs are not allowed from Aug. 15–Sept. 30, 2020. See hunt details in the table on page 36.

**Dog restriction on La Sal and San Juan units:** If you obtain a bear permit for the La Sal or San Juan units during the Aug. 8–Sept. 20 season, you will not be allowed to use dogs from Sept. 12–20, 2020. This restriction is to avoid conflicts with limited-entry elk hunters. Season dates are listed in the hunt tables at the bottom of page 36.

**New refund requirements:** Starting in 2020, if you are eligible for a refund, you must submit all required forms and accompanying paperwork within 90 days of the season ending in order to qualify for a full refund. For details and the refund request form, visit [wildlife.utah.gov/refund](http://wildlife.utah.gov/refund).

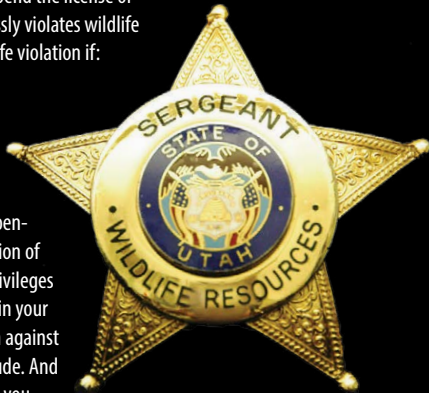
**Find updated maps and boundaries:** Unit boundaries change every year. Use the Utah Hunt Planner to find unit maps, boundaries and information on the hunts you want to apply for. Learn more at [wildlife.utah.gov/huntplanner](http://wildlife.utah.gov/huntplanner).

## Don't lose your hunting and fishing privileges

If you commit a wildlife violation, you could lose the privilege of hunting and fishing in Utah. The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources can suspend the license of anyone who knowingly, intentionally or recklessly violates wildlife laws. Your license can be suspended for a wildlife violation if:

- You are convicted.
- You plead guilty or no contest.
- You enter a plea in abeyance or diversion agreement.

Suspension proceedings are separate and independent from criminal prosecution. The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources may suspend your license privileges whether or not the court considers suspension in your criminal case. You will be notified of any action against your privilege after criminal proceedings conclude. And remember, if your license is suspended in Utah, you may not be permitted to hunt or fish in most other states. (Visit [wildlife.utah.gov/know-the-consequences.html](http://wildlife.utah.gov/know-the-consequences.html) to see a map of participating states.)



**Updated season dates:** Season dates change every year. For details, see the tables that start on page 33.

## Important reminders

**Hunting license required:** Before you can apply for or obtain a 2020 black bear hunting permit, bonus point or pursuit permit, you must have a valid Utah hunting or combination license. Please see page 9 for more information.

**Applying for a bait station:** You may apply for the certificate of registration (COR) required to run a bait station beginning April 1, 2020. For additional details, see page 27.

**Drawing results available March 4:** Results of the 2020 black bear drawing will be emailed on or before March 4. You can also visit [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov) or call 1-800-221-0659 to see if you were successful. For more information, see page 16.

**Unit closures available online:** Any harvest-objective unit closures will be listed on the hotline (1-888-668-5466) and posted at [wildlife.utah.gov/bear](http://wildlife.utah.gov/bear) by noon daily. Closures will take effect the following day.

**Utah Hunter Mentoring Program:** Eligible mentors can share their bear permits with qualifying minors. For details, see the information box on page 18 or visit [wildlife.utah.gov/mentoring](http://wildlife.utah.gov/mentoring).

**Utah's Trial Hunting Program:** People who haven't hunted black bears may be able to try it for the first time without taking Hunter Education. For details, see the information box on page 8.

**Guides and outfitters:** If you're a Utah-licensed guide or outfitter—and you're accompanying a paying client to pursue black bear—you do not need a pursuit permit. To learn more, see the box on page 21.

**365-day pursuit permits:** Pursuit permits are valid for 365 days from the day you buy them, but you may pursue bears only during the state's pursuit seasons. You'll find pursuit season dates on page 6 and pursuit restrictions on page 31.

**Age requirements:** If you're 11 years old, but you'll turn 12 during 2020, you can apply for a permit to hunt bears in 2020. Please see page 8 for more information.

**Private land:** The Division cannot guarantee access to any private land. Under certain circumstances, you must obtain written permission from the landowner or the landowner's authorized representative before hunting on private lands. For more information, please see *Trespassing* on page 30.

**Guidebook correction:** If errors are found in this guidebook after it is printed, the Division will correct them in the online copy. Visit [wildlife.utah.gov/guidebooks](http://wildlife.utah.gov/guidebooks) to view digital versions of all the Division's guidebooks.

**Protection from discrimination:** The Division receives federal financial assistance from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, the U.S. Department of the Interior and its bureaus prohibit discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex. If you believe that you have been discriminated against in any program, activity or facility, or if you desire further information, please visit [www.doi.gov/pmb/eo/public-civil-rights](http://www.doi.gov/pmb/eo/public-civil-rights).

**Division funding:** The Division is mostly funded by the sale of hunting and fishing licenses and through federal aid made possible by an excise tax on the sale of firearms and other hunting- and fishing-related equipment.



## KEY DATES

### Hunt applications

Start applying online	Feb. 3, 2020
Application deadline	Feb. 24, 2020
Drawing results available	March 4, 2020
Harvest-objective permit sales begin	March 12, 2020
Remaining permits go on sale, if available	March 12, 2020

### Hunt season dates

Season dates vary. For all season dates, see the hunt tables that begin on page 33.

### Pursuit season dates (units not designated as restricted)

Spring	March 28–May 31, 2020
Summer	July 1–Aug. 1, 2020
Fall	Nov. 7–14, 2020

### Pursuit season dates for restricted pursuit units

The Book Cliffs, La Sal and San Juan units are Utah's only restricted pursuit units. Restrictions apply during the spring, early summer and late summer pursuit seasons. To learn more about applying for and using restricted pursuit limited-entry permits, see pages 11 and 32.

Spring (all three units, restricted only for nonresidents)	March 28–May 31, 2020
Early summer (all three units)	July 6–17, 2020
Late summer (Book Cliffs)	July 20–Aug. 1, 2020
Late summer (La Sal and San Juan)	July 20–Aug. 2, 2020

## FEES

### Resident license fees

License	Fee
365-day hunting license (age 13 and under)	\$11
365-day hunting license (ages 14–17)	\$16
365-day hunting license (ages 18–64)	\$34
365-day hunting license (age 65 and older)	\$25
365-day hunting license for disabled veterans (see details in the box on page 7)	\$25.50
Multi-year hunting license (age 18 and older)	\$33 per year, up to five years
365-day combination* license (ages 14–17)	\$20
365-day combination* license (ages 18–64)	\$38
365-day combination* license (age 65 and older)	\$29
365-day combination license for disabled veterans (see details in the box on page 7)	\$28.50
Multi-year combination* license (age 18 and older)	\$37 per year, up to five years

\* A combination license allows you to hunt or fish in Utah and also allows you to fish with a second pole.

### Nonresident license fees

License	Fee
365-day hunting license (age 17 and younger)	\$25
365-day hunting license (age 18 and older)	\$65
Multi-year hunting license (up to five years) for age 18 and older	\$64 per year, up to five years
365-day combination* license (age 17 and younger)	\$29
365-day combination* license (age 18 and older)	\$85
Multi-year combination* license (age 18 and older)	\$84 per year, up to five years

\* A combination license allows you to hunt or fish in Utah and also allows you to fish with a second pole.

### Resident permit fees

Bear pursuit permit	\$30
Bear restricted pursuit permit	\$30 <sup>‡</sup>
Bear harvest-objective permit	\$83
Bear limited-entry permit	\$83 <sup>‡</sup>
Bear multi-season limited-entry permit	\$166 <sup>‡</sup>

### Nonresident permit fees

Bear pursuit permit	\$135
Bear restricted pursuit permit	\$135 <sup>‡</sup>
Bear harvest-objective permit	\$308
Bear limited-entry permit	\$308 <sup>‡</sup>
Bear multi-season limited-entry permit	\$475 <sup>‡</sup>

### Other permit types

Bait station certificate of registration (See <i>Bear baiting</i> on page 26)	\$10
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<sup>‡</sup> In addition to the above fees, you will also be charged a \$10 nonrefundable application fee if you apply in the hunt drawing.

### Discounted licenses for disabled veterans

To thank our servicemen and service-women, the Division offers discounted hunting and combination licenses to Utah veterans who were disabled in the line of duty.

The discounted hunting license is \$25.50, instead of the \$34 full price. Likewise, the discounted combination license is \$28.50, instead of the \$38 full price. Either license is good for 365 days from the day you buy it. Discounted licenses are available from all Division offices listed on page 2.

To purchase a discounted hunting or combination license, you must be a Utah resident and have a qualifying service-connected disability of at least 20 percent. When you visit a Division office to purchase your license, simply bring the verification of service-connected disability documentation that the Department of Veterans Affairs issued to you.

For more information, please visit [wildlife.utah.gov/disabled](http://wildlife.utah.gov/disabled) or call the nearest Division office.

## BASIC REQUIREMENTS

Are you planning to hunt or pursue black bears in Utah this year? Before you apply for a permit, make sure you meet Utah's age, hunter education and license requirements.

### Are you old enough?

*Utah Code §§ 23-19-22.5 and 23-20-20*

To hunt or pursue a black bear in Utah, you must be at least 12 years old by Dec. 31, 2020.

**Note:** If you're 11 years old, but you'll be 12 by Dec. 31, 2020, you may apply for and obtain a black bear permit this year. All sales are final.

If you're younger than 18, you can apply to participate in the Utah Hunter Mentoring Program. For details on the program, see the information box on page 18 or visit [wildlife.utah.gov/mentoring](http://wildlife.utah.gov/mentoring).

### Adults must accompany youth

*Utah Code § 23-20-20*

While hunting with any weapon, a person under 14 years old must be accompanied by his or her parent, legal guardian or other responsible person who is 21 years of age or

older and who has been approved by the parent or guardian.

A person at least 14 years old and under 16 years old must be accompanied by a person 21 years of age or older while hunting with any weapon.

The Division encourages adults to be familiar with hunter education guidelines or to complete the hunter education course before accompanying youth into the field.

While in the field, the youth and the adult must remain close enough for the adult to see and provide verbal assistance to the young hunter. Using electronic devices, such as walkie-talkies or cell phones, does not meet this requirement.

### Have you passed hunter education?

*Utah Code § 23-19-11 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-23*

If you were born after Dec. 31, 1965, you must provide proof that you've passed a hunter education course approved by the Division before you can apply for or obtain a hunting license or a bear permit.

The only exception to this law is for individuals who are participating in the Division's Trial Hunting Program. You can find details about the program in the box to the left or by visiting [wildlife.utah.gov/trial](http://wildlife.utah.gov/trial).

### Proof of hunter education

You can prove that you've completed hunter education by obtaining a hunter education card (called a "blue card" in Utah) or if you have a verified hunter education number on file with the Division. The number is assigned when you complete hunter education and your blue card is issued.

## How to take hunter education

To get started, you should visit [wildlife.utah.gov/huntereducation](http://wildlife.utah.gov/huntereducation). You'll see links to a complete list of traditional or online hunter education courses. Follow the instructions on the website to sign up for a course.

If you need assistance, please contact your local Division office or call 801-538-4727.

When you complete the course, your instructor will sign your course certificate, which will then become your hunting license. With a valid hunting license, you can also apply for or obtain permits in the Division's hunt drawings.

Approximately four to six weeks after you complete the course, you will receive your blue card by mail.

You should also keep the following in mind:

- Hunters under the age of 16 must be accompanied by an adult while hunting.
- Regardless of when a student graduates, all hunting regulations (such as season dates and bag limits) will apply.
- Students who are planning to hunt out of state should allow enough time for their hunter education card to arrive in the mail.

### New to Utah?

If you become a Utah resident, and you've completed a hunter education course in another state, province or country, you must obtain a Utah blue card before you can buy a resident hunting license. You can obtain a Utah blue card at any Division office by providing proof that you've completed a hunter education course approved by the Division.

## Do you have a license?

*Utah Code §§ 23-19-1, 23-19-22 and 23-20-3*

You must have a current Utah hunting or combination (hunting and fishing) license before you can:

- Apply for or obtain a black bear permit or bonus point of any kind
- Purchase a black bear pursuit permit

Licenses are available at [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov) and from license agents and Division offices.

Be sure to double check the date on your license before you apply for any permits or points. As long as your license is valid on the date you submit your application, you don't have to purchase a new license for the actual hunt.

For example, assume that your license expires on June 21, 2020. If you apply before that date, you do not have to purchase a new license for your hunt. All hunting and combination licenses are valid for 365 days from the date of purchase.

### Carry your permit

If you are successful in obtaining a black bear permit of any kind, you must have it on your person while in the field. You cannot alter your license or permit, nor can you sell, transfer or loan either of them to another person.

## Have you completed the orientation course?

Before you can apply for or obtain a bear permit (of any kind) or a bonus point, you must complete an online bear orientation course.

This year, the course includes a new ethics component. You will find the orientation course online at [wildlife.utah.gov/bear](http://wildlife.utah.gov/bear).

After you successfully complete the course, you will be able to apply for or obtain your permit.

## PREPARE TO APPLY

Utah Admin. Rule R657-62-19

To participate in Utah's black bear hunt, you need to obtain a permit. The Division distributes permits for limited-entry hunts and restricted pursuit through the black bear drawing. You can apply for the drawing from Feb. 3–24, 2020. It will be easier to apply if you are thoroughly prepared before you begin the application process. This part of the guidebook will help you find the information and resources you need in order to apply.

### Verify your residency

Before you apply for any black bear hunts, it's important to know whether you are a legal resident of the state of Utah. Although residents and nonresidents can apply for most of the same types of permits, there are some differences in permit fees and availability. See the definition of residency on page 43 to determine if you are a resident or a nonresident.

### Complete the orientation course

Before you can apply for or obtain any kind of bear permit or bonus point, you must complete the online bear orientation course. This year, the course includes a new ethics component.

The course is an annual requirement, so even if you took it last year, you will need to complete it again this year. You will find the orientation course online at [wildlife.utah.gov/bear](http://wildlife.utah.gov/bear).

### Understand permit types

Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-3 and R657-33-4

You may not apply for or obtain more than one permit to harvest a black bear in 2020. You can, however, obtain a bear pursuit permit in addition to a limited-entry or harvest-objective permit.

If you want to hunt or pursue a black bear in Utah, your permit options are as follows:

#### Hunting permits

There are three different types of bear hunting permits in Utah.

#### Limited-entry permits

These permits are available for any legal weapon hunts. If you obtain one of these permits, it authorizes you to harvest one black bear in the area and season specified on your permit.

You must use the appropriate weapon type and method for your hunt. To learn more about legal hunting methods (spot-and-stalk, bait and use of dogs), see the *Field Regulations* section that begins on page 22.

**How to obtain one:** Apply for a limited-entry permit in the black bear drawing. For details, see page 14.

#### Multi-season limited-entry permits

This permit authorizes you to use any legal weapon to harvest one black bear in the area and multiple limited-entry seasons specified on your permit.

You must use the appropriate weapon type and method for the seasons you are hunting. To learn more about legal hunting methods (spot-and-stalk, bait and use of dogs), see the *Field Regulations* section that begins on page 22.

**How to obtain one:** Apply for a multi-season limited-entry permit in the black bear drawing. For details, see page 14.

#### Harvest-objective permits

Biologists have set harvest objectives (quotas) for the number of bears that can be taken on certain units. When the objective is met, the unit closes to bear hunting for the rest of the season.

The harvest-objective permit allows you to use any legal weapon to harvest one bear on any harvest-objective hunting unit until the season ends or the unit's harvest objective has been met. (There are additional restrictions on the fall harvest-objective hunts. For details, see page 18.)

**How to obtain one:** Purchase a harvest-objective permit at [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov), from a license agent or at any Division office. For details, see page 18.

#### Pursuit permits

There are two different types of bear pursuit permits in Utah:

##### Restricted pursuit limited-entry permit (new)

This limited-entry permit authorizes you to pursue, but not kill, black bears during the restricted pursuit season listed on your permit on only one of the following units:

- Book Cliffs
- La Sal
- San Juan

The permit is also valid for all pursuit seasons on all other units, except the other restricted pursuit units during their restricted seasons. For a list of restricted pursuit units and season dates, see the hunt table on page 41. For more information on using this permit, see page 32.

**New this year:** The Utah Wildlife Board approved new spring restricted pursuit seasons for nonresidents on the Book Cliffs, La Sal and San Juan units. The spring pursuit seasons on those units are **not** restricted for resident pursuers.

**How to obtain one:** Apply for a restricted pursuit limited-entry permit in the black bear drawing. The drawing is also the only way for nonresident pursuers to obtain restricted pursuit limited-entry permits for the new spring restricted pursuit seasons described above. (**Important:** Residents who want to

#### Participate in surveys

Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-24

If the Division contacts you about your bear hunting or pursuit experience, please participate in the survey, regardless of your success. Your participation helps the Division evaluate population trends, assess harvest success and collect other valuable information.

pursue bears on those three units during their spring seasons can do so by purchasing pursuit permits at [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov), from a license agent or at any Division office.)

If you apply for a restricted pursuit limited-entry permit but don't draw one, you will receive a restricted pursuit limited-entry permit bonus point. For details, see page 12.

Please keep in mind that you must complete the online bear orientation course before applying for a restricted pursuit limited-entry permit.

#### Pursuit permit (new)

This permit authorizes you to pursue, but not kill, black bears on any unit that is not designated as restricted during all three pursuit seasons. (For all pursuit season dates, see page 6.)

**New this year:** Nonresidents with pursuit permits may not use them on any restricted pursuit units unless they are accompanying someone who possesses a valid restricted pursuit permit or hunting permit for that unit and season. Residents may use a pursuit permit on restricted pursuit units during the spring pursuit season.

For a complete list of units where you can use a bear pursuit permit, visit [wildlife.utah.gov/huntplanner](http://wildlife.utah.gov/huntplanner).

**How to obtain one:** Purchase a pursuit permit at [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov), from a license agent or at any Division office. For details, see page 19.

## Do your research

*Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-3 and R657-33-4*

It's important to be sure of the details before applying for a hunt. You don't want to accidentally apply for the wrong hunting unit or season.

## Review the hunt tables

All of the black bear hunts you can apply for are listed in the hunt tables that begin on page 33. You will need to use the hunt numbers associated with the hunts in order to apply for permits. Please keep in mind that hunt names and boundaries may change from year to year.

## See maps and boundaries online

You'll find detailed maps and boundary descriptions for all black bear hunts at [wildlife.utah.gov/huntplanner](http://wildlife.utah.gov/huntplanner).

## Obtain permission to hunt private property

Utah's trespassing laws are very specific about what private lands you may and may not access. If you obtain written permission from the landowner, you know you'll be able to access the land you want to hunt.

And by obeying Utah's trespassing laws, you will avoid citations, fines, the loss of your harvested animal and other legal penalties.

You can find Utah's trespassing laws on page 30.

Please keep in mind that the Division cannot guarantee access to private land, and the agency does not have the names of landowners who own property where hunts occur.

## Why bonus points matter

*Utah Admin. Rules R657-62-8 and R657-62-19*

Utah's bonus point system has been put in place to increase your chance of drawing a black bear hunting permit or restricted pursuit

limited-entry permit. Knowing more about the points system may be helpful during the application process.

You will receive a bonus point every year you apply for a bear permit or restricted pursuit limited-entry permit but don't draw one.

If you don't want to hunt a bear in the current year, you may apply for a bonus point by completing the orientation course, selecting the appropriate bonus point code (BER) and paying the \$10 application fee. The application period is Feb. 3–24, 2020.

You may only apply for a bear bonus point if you are eligible to apply for a bear permit or a restricted pursuit limited-entry permit.

You may apply for a bear hunting permit or a bear hunting bonus point, but NOT both.

You may apply for both a bear hunting permit and a restricted pursuit limited-entry permit bonus point.

**New this year:** Starting in 2020, permit surrender rules have changed, and they could affect the bonus points you've accrued for black bear. If you draw a multiseason permit or a spring limited-entry permit of any kind—and you need to surrender it—be sure to do so before the spring season opens. If you do, you'll get your accrued bonus points back, but you won't earn a point for the current year. (For other seasons, there's a 30-day surrender requirement if you want to get your previously acquired bonus points back, but there aren't 30 days between when you receive your permit and the spring season opener.)

If you draw a limited-entry bear hunting permit for the summer or fall season, and you need to surrender it, be sure to do so at least 30 days before your hunting season opens. If you do, you'll get your accrued bonus points back, but you won't earn a point for the current year.

**Important: If you have a limited-entry bear hunting permit for the summer or fall season, and you surrender**

**it less than 30 days before your season begins, you will lose your accrued bonus points and not earn a point for the current year.** As long as you surrender your permit before the season opens, any applicable waiting periods will be waived.

For detailed information on how your bonus points work in the drawing, visit [wildlife.utah.gov/huntingpermits](http://wildlife.utah.gov/huntingpermits).

## Are you eligible to apply?

Before you submit your application, be sure you are eligible to participate in the black bear drawing.

## You may not apply if...

You **cannot** apply for a bear permit or a restricted pursuit limited-entry permit or obtain a bonus point if any of the following conditions apply:

- You have not completed the orientation course.
- Your bear hunting privilege has been suspended.
- You're under a waiting period for a black bear hunting permit or restricted pursuit limited-entry permit.
- You don't have a hunting or combination license.

## Waiting period

*Utah Admin. Rule R657-62-19*

If you obtain a bear limited-entry or restricted pursuit limited-entry permit, there is a two-year waiting period before you can apply for another bear limited-entry permit, restricted pursuit limited-entry permit or bonus point.

For example, if you obtain a bear permit in 2020, you may not apply for a bear permit until 2023.

The waiting period gives other hunters a better chance at drawing a limited-entry per-

mit or restricted pursuit limited-entry permit.

You may obtain a bear harvest-objective permit while under a waiting period for a bear limited-entry permit. You will not begin a new waiting period if you purchase a harvest-objective permit.

## Permits obtained after the drawing

*Utah Admin. Rule R657-62-15*

If you're under a waiting period for black bear, you can still obtain any limited-entry bear permit that remains after the drawing, but your waiting period will begin again.

For example, if you have one year left on your bear waiting period, and you buy a bear limited-entry permit—or restricted pursuit limited-entry permit—that remains available after the drawing, you'll begin a new two-year waiting period.

## Hunters with disabilities

*Utah Admin. Rule R657-12*

Utah provides special hunting accommodations for people with disabilities. These accommodations include the opportunity to hunt with a companion, hunt from a vehicle, and receive special season extensions.

To learn more about hunting accommodations for people with disabilities, please visit [wildlife.utah.gov/disabled](http://wildlife.utah.gov/disabled) or call any Division office.



## APPLY FOR A PERMIT

*Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-3, R657-33-27, R657-42 and R657-62*

The process of applying for a black bear permit is fairly straightforward, if you've prepared ahead of time and completed the orientation course (see page 9). You will avoid unnecessary stress if you apply for the drawing before the last day of the application period.

### Important dates

If you are planning to apply for a 2020 black bear permit, please be aware of the following dates and deadlines.

#### February 3: Apply online for a permit or bonus point

Beginning Feb. 3, 2020, both residents and nonresidents can apply for a bear permit—or a bonus point—online at [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov).

You can also apply by calling any Division office during regular business hours (8 a.m. to 5 p.m. MST, Monday through Friday).

To apply for a resident permit, you must be a resident on the date the permit is purchased. March 4, 2020 is considered the purchase date of the permit and the date by which you must establish residency in the state of Utah. Only nonresidents may apply for nonresident permits. To determine whether you're a resident, please see the definition on page 43.

Here's what you need to know in order to apply for a bear multi-season limited-entry permit, limited-entry permit, restricted pursuit permit, bonus point or restricted pursuit permit bonus point:

- You must first complete the orientation course.
- You may select up to three hunt choices when applying for any type of bear limited-entry permit or restricted pursuit permit.
- You cannot apply for both a bear limited-entry permit and a bonus point.
- Group applications are not accepted.
- If you draw a permit for a hunt that allows bait, you can bait bears, but you must obtain a certificate of registration

before you set up a bait station. For more information on this requirement, see page 27.

- There are special requirements if you want to pursue bears on a restricted pursuit unit during one of the restricted pursuit seasons. See page 32 to learn more about these permits and their requirements.
- If you apply for a restricted pursuit permit but do not draw one, you will receive a restricted pursuit permit bonus point.

When you submit your application, you'll be charged a nonrefundable \$10 application fee. If you purchase your hunting or combination license during the application process, you'll also be charged a license fee.

Permit fees will be charged after the drawing, if you obtain a permit.

You can use American Express, Discover, MasterCard and VISA credit or debit cards as payment, and they must be valid through April 2020. You can also use a pre-paid credit card.

Please keep in mind that the Division is not responsible for any bank charges incurred for the use of credit or debit cards. To change the credit or debit card associated with your application, call 1-800-221-0659.

#### February 24: Deadline for permit applications and bonus points

*Utah Admin. Rule R657-62*

If you want to participate in the drawing for a bear multi-season limited-entry permit, a limited-entry permit, a restricted pursuit permit, a bonus point or a restricted pursuit permit bonus point, you must apply online or by phone no later than Feb. 24, 2020. There's an 11 p.m. MST deadline for online applications

and a 5 p.m. MST deadline for phone applications. To apply, simply visit [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov) or call any Division office.

#### Withdrawing and resubmitting your application

Did you make a mistake in your online permit application? Simply withdraw your original online application and submit a new, correct application before 11 p.m. MST on Feb. 24, 2020.

You must have your confirmation number, your customer ID and your date of birth in order to withdraw your application. For each new application you submit, you will be charged a \$10 nonrefundable application fee.

If you need help with your online application, please call any Division office before 5 p.m. MST on Feb. 24, 2020. A Division employee will be available to assist you.

#### February 24: Deadline for withdrawing your application

If you decide not to hunt, you can withdraw your online permit application at no additional cost until 11 p.m. MST on Feb. 24, 2020.

Please remember that the application fee is not refundable.

#### March 4: Drawing results available

By March 4, 2020, you'll receive an email that lists your drawing results. You can also learn your drawing results by visiting [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov) or by calling 1-800-221-0659.

To protect applicants' privacy—and to comply with governmental records access laws—you'll receive access to only your own drawing results.

If you draw a hunting permit, you'll receive your permit in the mail in mid-March.

Please be aware that if you receive your permit, and then the credit card you used for payment is refused, your permit becomes invalid and you may not participate in the bear pursuit or hunt. If this happens, please call 1-800-221-0659 to resolve the problem.

#### March 12: Remaining permits available

Any permits remaining after the bear drawing will be available beginning March 12, 2020 at 8 a.m. MDT. You can buy permits at [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov) and at license agent locations and Division offices.

Remaining permits are available on a first-come, first-served basis. You must complete the orientation course and have a valid hunting license or a combination license to buy one of these permits.

A license agent list is available online at [wildlife.utah.gov/licenseagents](http://wildlife.utah.gov/licenseagents). Before you visit any of the agents, contact them to verify their hours of operation.

Any bear limited-entry permit purchased after the season opens is not valid until three days after the date of purchase.

### Are you allowed to possess a weapon?

*Utah Code §§ 76-10-503 and 76-10-512*

It is illegal under *Utah Code §§ 76-10-503 and 76-10-512* to possess or use a firearm, muzzleloader or any other dangerous weapon if you have been charged or convicted of certain offenses.

The purchase or possession of any hunting license, permit, tag or certificate of registration from the Division does not authorize the holder to legally possess or use a firearm, muzzleloader or any other dangerous weapon while hunting if they are otherwise restricted from possessing these weapons under Utah Code.

To determine whether you are allowed to possess a weapon, please review *Utah Code §§ 76-10-503 and 76-10-512* or contact the law enforcement agency that oversees your case.



## AFTER YOU APPLY

Utah Admin. Rule R657-62-19

After the application period ends, the hunt drawing occurs. We appreciate your patience throughout the drawing process and in awaiting your results.

### Updating your personal information

A lot of things can change while you're waiting to find out if you drew a permit. If you need to update your name (because of marriage or divorce), your address or the credit card number associated with your application, please call 1-800-221-0659.

### Obtaining your drawing results

You will receive an email that contains your drawing results on or before March 4, 2020. You can also learn your drawing results by visiting [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov) or by calling 1-800-221-0659.

### Help the Division collect bear data

When bears are checked at Division offices, a Division employee will do the following:

- Ask you the location of the harvest
- Determine the sex of the bear
- Extract a small tooth to obtain accurate age information

The information and tooth sample are very important because they help the Division responsibly manage bear populations. We greatly appreciate your cooperation in this effort. To make the tooth extraction easier, you should prop the bear's mouth open before bringing it to a Division office. **PLEASE DO NOT BRING FROZEN BEARS.**

To protect applicants' privacy—and to comply with governmental records access laws—you'll receive access to only your own drawing results.

### Obtaining permits

If you drew a limited-entry permit of any kind, you'll receive your permit in the mail in mid-March.

Please be aware that if you receive your permit, and then the credit card you used for payment is refused, your permit is not valid.

### Permit refunds and exchanges

Utah Code §§ 23-19-38, 23-19-38.2 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-42

### Obtaining a refund

The Division rarely issues refunds for permits, licenses or certificates of registration, but there are some exceptions. To see if you're eligible for a refund, visit [wildlife.utah.gov/refund](http://wildlife.utah.gov/refund).

**New this year:** If you are eligible for a refund, you must return your permit before the hunting season ends and then submit all required forms and accompanying paperwork within 90 days of the season ending in order to qualify for a full refund.

### Exchanging a permit

You may not exchange your limited-entry permit for a different one. Utah's black bear limited-entry permits are now tied to a variety of different seasons, weapon types, hunting methods and harvest quotas.

Please be certain about the hunts you are interested in before you apply. You can see a complete list of hunts in the tables that begin on page 33.

## Surrendering a permit

Utah Code § 23-19-38 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-42

If you obtain a permit and decide not to use it, you may surrender the permit to any Division office. If your permit is for the summer or fall hunting season, we strongly encourage you to surrender it at least 30 days before the season opens.

**New this year:** Starting in 2020, permit surrender rules have changed, and they could affect the bonus points you've accrued for black bear. If you draw a multiseason permit or a spring limited-entry permit of any kind—and you need to surrender it—be sure to do so before the spring season opens. If you do, you'll get your accrued bonus points back, but you won't earn a point for the current year. (For other seasons, there's a 30-day surrender requirement if you want to get your previously acquired bonus points back, but there aren't 30 days between when you receive your permit and the spring season opener.)

If you draw a limited-entry bear hunting permit for the summer or fall season, and you need to surrender it, be sure to do so at least 30 days before your hunting season opens. If you do, you'll get your accrued bonus points back, but you won't earn a point for the current year.

**Important: If you have a limited-entry bear hunting permit for the summer or fall season, and you surrender it less than 30 days before your season begins, you will lose your accrued bonus points and will not earn a point for the current year.**

As long as you surrender your permit before the season opens, any applicable waiting periods will be waived.

### Reallocated permits

Any limited-entry permit surrendered to the Division is reallocated through the drawing process. The Division will make a reasonable

effort to contact the next person listed on the alternate drawing list.

Any person who accepts the offered reallocated permit must pay the applicable permit fee. That person will also lose any points they've accrued and incur a waiting period.

## Duplicate licenses

Utah Code § 23-19-10 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-42

If your unexpired license or permit is destroyed, lost or stolen, you can obtain a duplicate from a Division office or a license agent for \$10 or half of the price of the original license or permit, whichever is less.

To obtain a duplicate limited-entry permit, you must visit a Division office or a license agent.

The Division may waive the fee for a duplicate unexpired license or permit, provided you did not receive the original document.

Keep in mind that you can also use the Utah Hunting and Fishing app to legally carry hunting or combination licenses on a phone or tablet for all the members of your family. To download the app, visit [wildlife.utah.gov/mobileapp](http://wildlife.utah.gov/mobileapp).

## OTHER AVAILABLE PERMITS

Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-3, R657-33-27, R657-42 and R657-62

If you did not draw any type of limited-entry permit in the black bear drawing, don't lose hope. You can still purchase permits that will allow you to hunt and pursue black bears during the 2020 season. This section explains which permits are available online and over the counter.

### Harvest-objective permits

Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-29

The bear harvest-objective permit allows you to harvest one black bear on any harvest-objective hunting unit until the season ends or the unit's harvest objective has been met.

You may not use bait if you obtain a harvest-objective permit, and you may not use dogs during the fall harvest-objective hunt.

The harvest-objective permit is available to all eligible hunters, except those who drew a bear limited-entry permit of any kind.

You may only obtain one permit to harvest a bear during the 2020 season.

### Hunter Mentoring program

Utah Admin. Rule R657-67

The Utah Hunter Mentoring program allows any qualifying adult to share their hunting permits with resident youth.

Permits that are eligible for sharing under the Hunter Mentoring program include black bear permits as well as all big game, cougar, turkey, greater sage-grouse and sharp-tailed grouse permits. Only swan and sandhill crane permits may not be shared because they are subject to conflicting federal regulations.

To learn more about program eligibility and requirements and to download the application form, visit [wildlife.utah.gov/mentoring](http://wildlife.utah.gov/mentoring).

### March 12: Purchase a harvest-objective permit

Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-30

Before you purchase a harvest-objective permit, you must complete the bear orientation course, which you can find online at [wildlife.utah.gov/bear](http://wildlife.utah.gov/bear).

Bear harvest-objective permits will be available to residents and nonresidents, beginning March 12, 2020 at 8 a.m. MDT. To purchase a permit, you can visit a license agent, a Division office or [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov).

Remember that any harvest-objective bear permit purchased after the season opens is not valid until three days from the date of purchase. As a result, the last day to purchase a 2020 harvest-objective permit is Oct. 22, 2020. We suggest that you purchase a permit early in the season because a unit may close at any time.

### Harvest-objective unit closures

Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-31

Harvest-objective permits are only valid for the 2020 season on any open harvest-objective unit.

Before you begin a hunting trip to a bear harvest-objective unit, you must call 1-888-668-5466 or visit [wildlife.utah.gov/bear](http://wildlife.utah.gov/bear) to verify that the unit is still open. The phone line and website will be updated each day by noon. Updates become effective the following day, 30 minutes before official sunrise.

A harvest-objective unit is open to hunting until one of the following events occurs:

- The bear harvest objective for that unit is met.

- The hunting season ends. For season dates, see the hunt table on page 38.

After a harvest-objective unit closes, you may not use your harvest-objective permit to harvest a bear in that unit. You may, however, use your permit in any other harvest-objective units that are open in 2020.

### Pursuit permits (new)

Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-4

You can purchase a pursuit permit online at [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov) or from a Division office or a participating license agent.

A pursuit permit authorizes you to pursue, but not kill, black bears on any unit that is not designated as restricted during all three pursuit seasons.

For all pursuit season dates, see *Key dates and fees* on page 6.

**New this year:** Nonresidents with pursuit permits may not use them on any restricted pursuit units unless they are accompanying someone who possesses a valid restricted pursuit permit or hunting permit for that unit and season. Residents may use a pursuit permit on restricted pursuit units during the spring pursuit season.

For a complete list of units where you can use a bear pursuit permit, visit [wildlife.utah.gov/huntplanner](http://wildlife.utah.gov/huntplanner).

If you are the dog handler, and you already possess a bear limited-entry permit, you may pursue bear on the unit—and during the season—for which the permit is valid. If you want to pursue bear on a different unit or during a different season—or after you harvest a bear—you will need to purchase a bear pursuit permit.

### Conservation and sportsman permits

Utah Admin. Rule R657-41

Conservation permits for taking black bear are often available through official tax-exempt conservation organizations. These groups sell the permits at auction or use them in wildlife-related fundraising activities.

Sportsman permits are available through the sportsman permit drawing. For more information about this drawing, visit [wildlife.utah.gov/sportsman-permits.html](http://wildlife.utah.gov/sportsman-permits.html).

A complete copy of the conservation and sportsman permit regulations is available at [wildlife.utah.gov/rules](http://wildlife.utah.gov/rules) or any Division office.



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## DON'T JEOPARDIZE FUTURE HUNTS

How you act in the field could affect bear hunting in the years to come.

We are very lucky to live and hunt in a state with such abundant wildlife. That's led to more of us spending time in our favorite wild places each year. As you're out hunting and pursuing bears this year, please be mindful of those around you and think about how your actions can build—or sabotage—support for what you love to do.

### Changes in 2020

Bear hunting is a subject that sparks a wide range of public opinions, ranging from hearty support to passionate opposition, and how **you** behave on the mountain can determine how your fellow Utahns feel about the matter.

### Pack size restrictions

The Utah Wildlife Board has approved some changes this year to encourage behaviors that will lead to greater public support for bear hunting.

Starting in 2020, the maximum number of dogs that can be used to pursue a bear has been set at 16 for the spring and fall seasons.

### Avoid harvesting collared wildlife

The Division has placed GPS collars on many wildlife species—including black bears and cougars—across the state. The Division is monitoring these animals in a handful of ongoing studies.

If possible, please avoid harvesting a collared bear or cougar. It is an expensive and time-consuming process to capture and collar replacement animals.

If you do harvest a collared animal, please remove the collar without cutting it and return it to a Division employee when you check in your animal.

During the summer season, there's an eight-dog maximum.

Be mindful of the number of dogs you are using and consider how they may be impacting other users and land-management agencies.

It is important that you have control of your dogs so they don't cause conflicts with private landowners, other hunters, campers and hikers.

Try to help the people you encounter feel the passion you have for training and taking care of your animals.

### Fair chase and ethics

The Wildlife Board has also approved clarifying language about when a bear pursuit should end. If you are hunting a bear, once it is treed, either humanly harvest the animal or let it escape and retrieve your dogs.

It is illegal and violates the principles of fair chase to pursue a bear to the point it can no longer escape the dogs due to exhaustion.

If you are using bait to hunt bears, think about how your bait placement could impact other users. Make sure you are leaving your bait site in better shape than you found it.

We all have an equal right to use our wild places and, if we can make an effort to get along in the backcountry, the activities you love will enjoy greater support from your fellow Utahns. If general support for bear hunting increases, it could reduce the likelihood of tighter, more restrictive regulations.

### Guides and outfitters

Guides must be licensed by the state of Utah—and operate under a state-licensed outfitter—before they can legally take bear hunters into the field. Guides may not operate independently.

The Utah Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing is the regulatory agency for this law. To learn more about becoming a licensed guide or outfitter, please visit [wildlife.utah.gov/guides](http://wildlife.utah.gov/guides).

If you are a licensed guide or outfitter—and you charge a customer more than \$100 for a bear hunting or pursuit trip—you do not have to purchase a separate bear pursuit permit.

If you are a hunter who wants to use a particular guide or outfitter, please visit [wildlife.utah.gov/guides](http://wildlife.utah.gov/guides) to determine if he or she is licensed to operate in Utah.



**TURN IN A POACHER**

USING THE UTAH  
HUNTING & FISHING APP

[wildlife.utah.gov/mobileapp](http://wildlife.utah.gov/mobileapp)

OR CALLING

**800-662-3337**

**UTiP**



## FIELD REGULATIONS

Several rules govern black bear hunting in Utah. These rules exist to help keep you safe and to ensure an ethical hunt. Please be familiar with the requirements for carrying and using firearms, crossbows, airguns and archery tackle. You should also know the different types of hunting methods you may use and what you're required to do with any bear you take.

### Hunting hours

*Utah Code § 23-20-3 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-5*

During the spring, summer and fall hunting seasons, you may hunt or harvest a bear from 30 minutes before official sunrise until 30 minutes after official sunset. Those are also the hours you may pursue a bear during the spring and fall pursuit seasons.

During the summer pursuit season, you can pursue bears from 5 a.m. until 30 minutes after official sunset. For season dates, see the hunt tables that begin on page 33.

### Hunting methods

*Utah Code § 23-20-3 and Utah Admin. Rules R657-33-2, R657-33-12 and R657-33-13*

Before heading into the field, check both your permit and the guidebook to verify which hunting methods are allowed for your hunt. Here's a brief summary of the three main hunting methods used in Utah bear hunting:

#### Spot-and-stalk method

The spot-and-stalk hunting method involves finding a bear without the use of bait or dogs. After you locate a bear, you track it and try to move in closer for a good shot.

You can choose to use the spot-and-stalk method during any hunting season, and there are some limited-entry hunts that only allow the spot-and-stalk method. Those hunts are listed in the hunt table on page 37.

#### Using dogs

Some of Utah's bear hunts allow the use of dogs to locate, track and tree a bear. There are detailed rules about when, where and how you may use dogs. Those rules are available on page 25.

To learn which hunts allow the use of dogs, see the hunt tables that begin on page 33.

#### Using bait

Some of Utah's bear hunts allow the use of bait to lure bears to a specific area. There are detailed rules about what types of bait are allowed and when, where and how you may use bait. Those rules are available on page 26.

Certain hunts allow the use of any legal weapon over bait. If you have a permit for those hunts, you may begin baiting up to two weeks before the hunt begins. Please remember that no early baiting is allowed for the summer limited-entry hunts. To learn which hunts allow the use of bait, see the hunt tables that begin on page 33.

### Checkpoints and officer contacts

*Utah Code § 23-20-25*

To help the Division fulfill its responsibility as trustee and custodian of Utah's wildlife, Division conservation officers and biologists monitor the taking and possession of black bears and the required permits, firearms and equipment used for hunting. You should expect to encounter conservation officers and biologists checking hunters in the field and at checkpoints.

If you're contacted by a conservation officer, you must provide the officer with the items he or she requests, including any licenses and permits required for hunting, any devices used to participate in hunting and any game you've taken. These contacts allow the Division to collect valuable information about Utah's black bear populations.

### Aiding or assisting in violations

*Utah Code § 23-20-23*

You may not aid or assist another person to violate any provisions of the Wildlife Resources Code, rule or guidebook.

The penalty for aiding or assisting is the same as that imposed for the primary violation.

### Firearms and hunting equipment

Several rules apply to the firearms, crossbows, airguns and archery tackle you can use to harvest a bear in Utah.

#### Firearms

*Utah Code § 23-20-3 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-6*

To harvest a black bear, you may use any firearm not capable of being fired fully automatic, except a firearm using a rimfire cartridge.

#### Crossbows

*Utah Code § 23-20-3 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-6*

You may only use a crossbow to harvest a black bear if you have an any legal weapon permit.

Your equipment must meet all of the requirements listed below. Specifically, your crossbow must have:

- A minimum draw weight of 125 pounds.
- A positive mechanical safety mechanism.

Your arrows or bolts must be at least 16 inches long. They must also have either a fixed broadhead that is at least 7/8-inch wide at the widest point or an expandable, mechanical broadhead that is at least 7/8-inch wide at the widest point when the broadhead is in the open position.

Please remember that if you carry crossbow arrows or bolts in or on a vehicle, they must be in an arrow quiver or a closed case.

### Airguns

*Utah Code § 23-20-3 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-6*

You may also use an airgun to hunt a bear, but that airgun must:

- Be pneumatically powered
- Be pressurized solely through a separate charging device
- Only fire a bolt or arrow

Your arrows or bolts must be at least 16 inches long and travel at least 400 feet per second at the muzzle. They must also have either a fixed broadhead that is at least 7/8-inch wide at the widest point or an expandable, mechanical broadhead that is at least 7/8-inch wide at the widest point when the broadhead is in the open position.

Please remember that if you carry crossbow arrows or bolts in or on a vehicle, they must be in an arrow quiver or a closed case.

### Archery equipment

*Utah Code § 23-20-3 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-6*

To hunt a bear with archery tackle, your equipment must meet all of the following requirements:

- Your bow must have a minimum pull of 30 pounds at the draw or the peak, whichever comes first.
- Your arrowheads must have two or more sharp-cutting edges that cannot pass through a 7/8 inch ring. If you're using expanding arrowheads, the arrowheads must have two or more sharp-cutting edges that cannot pass through a 7/8 inch ring when expanded.
- Your arrows must be at least 20 inches long, from the tip of the arrowhead to the tip of the nock.

Please remember that if you carry arrows in or on a vehicle, the arrows must be in an arrow quiver or a closed case.

Also keep in mind that if you are hunting with archery equipment during an any legal weapon hunt, you may use a draw lock.

## Plan on sharing the mountain

As much as you'd like to have Utah's backcountry to yourself, you share it with campers, hikers, photographers and other hunters. Some of those hunters are after black bear—just like you—while others are pursuing deer, elk, forest grouse and other species.

Everyone shares the landscape, so please be patient and considerate when encountering others on public land.

## Traps and trapping devices

*Utah Code § 23-20-3 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-7*

You may not take a bear with a trap, snare or any other trapping device, except as authorized by the Division. Any bear accidentally caught in any trapping device must be released unharmed, and must not be pursued or taken.

You must obtain written permission from a Division representative before you remove the carcass of a bear from any trapping device. The carcass remains the property of the state of Utah and must be surrendered to the Division.

## Loaded firearms in a vehicle

*Utah Code §§§§ 76-10-502, 76-10-504, 76-10-505 and 76-10-523*

You may not carry a loaded firearm in or on a vehicle unless you meet all of the following conditions:

- You own the vehicle or have permission from the vehicle's owner.
- The firearm is a handgun.
- You are 18 years of age or older.

A pistol, revolver, rifle or shotgun is considered to be loaded when there is an unexpended cartridge, shell or projectile in the firing position.

Pistols and revolvers are also considered to be loaded when an unexpended cartridge,

shell or projectile is in a position whereby the manual operation of any mechanism once would cause the unexpended cartridge, shell or projectile to be fired.

A muzzleloading firearm is considered loaded when it is capped or primed and has a powder charge and ball or shot in the barrel or cylinders.

The firearm restrictions in this section do not apply to concealed firearm permit holders, provided the person is not using the concealed firearm to hunt or take wildlife.

## State parks (new)

*Utah Code § 76-10-508 and Utah Admin. Rule R651-614-4*

**New this year:** Hunting of wildlife is allowed within the boundaries of all state park areas, **except** those areas and hunts specifically closed by the Utah Division of State Parks and Recreation in *Utah Admin. Rule R651-614*.

State laws regarding the possession and discharge of dangerous weapons apply in state park areas open to hunting. For information about discharging a dangerous weapon or firearm in a state park, see the next section or review *Utah Code § 76-10-508*.

## Areas where you cannot discharge a firearm

*Utah Code § 76-10-508 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-12*

You may not discharge a dangerous weapon or firearm under any of the following circumstances:

- From a vehicle
- From, upon or across any highway
- At power lines or signs
- At railroad equipment or facilities, including any sign or signal
- Within Utah State Park buildings, designated camp or picnic sites, overlooks, golf courses, boat ramps or developed beaches
- Without written permission from the owner or property manager, within 600 feet of:
  - A house, dwelling or any other building

- Any structure in which a domestic animal is kept or fed, including a barn, poultry yard, corral, feeding pen or stockyard

## Carrying a dangerous weapon while under the influence of alcohol or drugs

*Utah Code § 76-10-528*

You may not carry a dangerous weapon or hunt bear while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

## Use of dogs (new)

*Utah Code § 23-20-3 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-12*

You may use dogs to harvest or pursue bear only during the authorized hunts listed in this guidebook. To learn which hunts allow the use of dogs, see the hunt tables that begin on page 33.

Dog handlers may not use a bait station to lure bears, and they may not start pursuing a bear from a bait station.

## Maximum number of dogs

**New this year:** You may **not** use more than 16 dogs in a single pursuit while pursuing or hunting a black bear on any unit during the spring or fall seasons.

During the summer pursuit season or the summer restricted pursuit season, you may not use more than eight dogs in a single pursuit while pursuing or hunting a black bear on any unit.

**Important:** The maximum number of dogs allowed in a single pursuit is cumulative across all members of a hunting party, even if multiple members of the hunting party possess authorization to use dogs to pursue bears. For example, if you have a pursuit permit and 10 dogs, and your friend has a pursuit permit and 12 dogs, you cannot use all 22 dogs to jointly pursue a single bear during the spring or fall. At most, during those seasons, you may use 16 dogs during a single pursuit.

**New this year:** Starting in 2020, you **may not** do any of the following while using dogs to pursue or hunt a bear:

- Release into the field more than the maximum number of dogs allowed in a single pursuit.
- Pursue a bear with more than the maximum number of dogs allowed in a single pursuit, regardless of whether you own or control the dogs.
- Harvest a bear that was pursued using more than the allowable maximum number of dogs.

Other land-management agencies may have additional dog-use restrictions. Please check with them before pursuing a bear on their property.

## Other requirements

If you are the owner or handler of the dogs, you must have a valid bear permit in your possession while you are harvesting or pursuing bear. However, there are some exceptions to this rule for guides and outfitters licensed in the state of Utah.

If you are already a Utah-licensed guide or outfitter, see *Pursuit restrictions* on page 31. To learn more about becoming a Utah-licensed guide or outfitter, see page 21.

When dogs are used to pursue a bear, the licensed hunter who intends to take the bear must be present when the dogs are released. Then, the licensed hunter must continuously participate in the hunt until it ends.

## Retrieving stray dogs

The only time a dog handler may separate from the pursuit-permit holder is to retrieve dogs that leave the pack. The dog handler must do all of the following:

- Take reasonable steps to keep the pack together before and during pursuit
- Only separate from the permit holder to retrieve stray dogs (and not actively pursue a bear during the retrieval process)

- Immediately release any bear that is incidentally treed or held at bay by the stray dogs

Keep in mind that any dogs that separate from the pack will continue to count towards the maximum number of dogs allowed in pursuit. If you are retrieving stray dogs, you must still possess the documentation that initially allowed you to use dogs to pursue a bear.

### Carrying required documentation

When dogs are used to pursue a bear during a restricted pursuit season, the dog handler must either:

- Have a valid pursuit permit and be accompanied by an individual with a valid restricted pursuit limited-entry permit for the unit where pursuit is occurring
- OR—
- Have a valid restricted pursuit limited-entry permit for the unit where pursuit is occurring

When dogs are used to harvest a bear—and there is not an open pursuit season—the dog handler must either:

- Have either a valid pursuit permit and be accompanied by a hunter with a valid bear hunting permit (either limited entry or harvest objective) that allows the use of dogs
- OR—
- Have a valid bear hunting permit (either limited entry or harvest objective) that allows the use of dogs

## Bear baiting

*Utah Code § 23-20-3 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-13*

You can only bait a bear if you have obtained a limited-entry permit for a hunt that allows the use of bait. You must also have a certificate of registration for baiting.

You may **not** use bait if you have a bear harvest-objective permit.

Only hunters listed on the certificate of registration may hunt over the bait station,

and the certificate of registration must be in the hunters' possession while hunting over the bait station.

Any person who tends a bait station must also be listed on the certificate of registration.

If you are listed on a bait-station certificate, please review the following sections for essential information about using bait and moving a bait station.

### Using bait

*Utah Code § 23-20-3 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-14*

You may establish or use no more than two bait stations at one time during the season listed on your permit (must be a season that allows baiting).

If a bait station lures a bear, you may not use dogs to take the bear. With a limited-entry bear permit for a season and hunt unit that allow baiting, you may use any legal weapon, as specified on your permit.

Bait may not be contained in—nor can it include—any metal, glass, porcelain, plastic, cardboard or paper. The bait station must be marked with a sign provided by the Division and posted within 10 feet of the bait.

A dog handler may not intentionally run dogs off of a bait station while pursuing bear.

For some fall hunts that allow baiting, you may begin placing bait up to two weeks before the hunt begins but only in areas that permit the use of bait, as listed on your certificate of registration. No early baiting is allowed for the summer bait season, which runs from May 23–June 28, 2020.

All materials used as bait must be removed within 72 hours after the season ends (including any midseason breaks) or within 72 hours after the hunter harvests a bear.

You may use nongame fish as bait, except fish listed as prohibited in *Utah Admin. Rule R657-13*. You may not use any other species of protected wildlife as bait.

You may use domestic livestock or its parts—including processed meat scraps—as

bait, as long as you have a certificate of brand inspection, bill of sale or other proof of ownership or legal possession.

You may not place bait in either of the following areas:

- Within 100 yards of water, a public road or a designated trail
- Within a half-mile of any permanent dwelling or campground

**Note:** There may be additional bait-placement restrictions, depending upon historical human and bear activity, within any given area.

### Registering to use bait

*Utah Code § 23-20-3*

You'll need to follow a couple of important steps, depending on where you want to use bait.

#### Baiting on U.S. Forest Service lands

If you are interested in using bait on lands administered by the U.S. Forest Service (USFS), you no longer need permission from the USFS before applying for a certificate of registration from the Division.

#### Baiting on BLM lands

If you are interested in baiting on lands administered by the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), you must verify that an area is open to baiting before you apply for a bear limited-entry permit for a season that allows the use of bait.

Here's what you need to do to check with the BLM:

1. Learn whether certain lands are open by contacting the district offices.
2. Have the district supervisor verify your proposed baiting locations and any applicable travel restrictions.
3. After you receive verification from the district supervisor, you may apply for a certificate of registration from the Division.

If you bait a bear illegally on federal lands, you can be prosecuted under federal law. Areas

generally closed to baiting stations can include:

- Designated wilderness areas
- Heavily used drainages or recreation areas
- Critical watersheds

#### Baiting on private lands

If you are interested in baiting on private lands, you must obtain written permission from the appropriate landowner. Then, you may apply for a certificate of registration from the Division.

#### Obtaining a certificate of registration

The Division issues certificates of registration only to hunters who have bear limited-entry permits for hunts that allow the use of bait.

You can obtain the certificate of registration by visiting the Division office in the region where you plan to set up your bait station. Certificates of registration will be available starting April 1, 2020.

To obtain a certificate of registration for baiting, you must provide the following information to the Division:

- The type of bait you will use
- The GPS coordinates (UTM, including the datum, or latitude and longitude) of the bait station
- Written permission from the appropriate landowner if you want to bait and hunt on private land

The Division will need time—up to 10 business days—to review your request for a certificate of registration. Please keep that in mind when submitting your request.

The Division will send a copy of the certificate of registration to the private landowner or appropriate district office of the land management agency that manages the land where the bait station will be placed, as identified by the hunter on the application for a certificate of registration.

If you apply for a certificate of registration, there is a \$10 nonrefundable application fee.



## Moving a bait station

If you want to move a bait station, you must first remove all materials used as bait from the original station. Then, you must apply for a new certificate of registration. The Division will not issue a certificate of registration for your new station until you clean up your old station.

## Prohibited hunting methods (new)

*Utah Code §§ 23-20-3, 23-20-12 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-9*

A black bear may be taken or pursued only during open seasons and open hours, using only the methods listed in this guidebook. Otherwise it is unlawful for any person to:

- Pursue, possess, capture, kill, injure, drug, rope, trap, snare or in any way harm or transport a bear
- Restrict or hinder a bear's ability to escape after it has been pursued, chased, treed, cornered, legally baited or held at bay

**New this year:** You must make reasonable efforts to call dogs off of a bear that has been cornered or held at bay.

You may not:

- Pursue a single bear in repeated pursuits to the point where it renders the bear physically unable to escape
- Engage in a canned hunt
- Take a bear from an airplane or any other airborne vehicle or device (including a drone), or from any motorized terrestrial, aquatic or recreational vehicle

## Spotlighting

*Utah Code §§ 23-20-3, 76-10-504, 76-10-523 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-10*

You may not use spotlighting to take a black bear.

You may not use a spotlight, headlight or other artificial light to locate any protected wildlife while having in your possession a firearm or other weapon or device that could be used to take or injure protected wildlife.

The use of a spotlight or other artificial light in any area where protected wildlife are generally found is probable cause of attempting to locate protected wildlife.

The provisions of this section do not apply to the use of the headlights of a motor vehicle or other artificial light in a usual manner where there is no attempt or intent to locate protected wildlife.

In addition, the above restrictions do not apply to concealed carry permit holders carrying a concealed weapon. See [wildlife.utah.gov/rules](http://wildlife.utah.gov/rules) for more information.

## Party hunting

*Utah Admin. Rules R657-33-11 and R657-67*

A person may not harvest a bear for another person.

The only exception to this rule is if a mentor shares a permit and tag with a minor as part of the Hunter Mentoring program. For details on this program, please see the box on page 18.

## Possession and transportation

After you harvest a bear, there are several rules governing its possession and transportation.

## Tagging requirements

*Utah Code §§ 23-20-3 and 23-20-30 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-15*

Before you move the bear's carcass or leave the site of the kill, you must tag the carcass with a temporary possession tag. The tag is only valid for 48 hours after the date of kill and must remain attached to the pelt or unskinned carcass until the permanent possession tag is attached.

To tag a carcass with a temporary possession tag, you should perform the following steps:

- Completely detach the tag from the permit
- Completely remove the notches that correspond with the date the animal was

taken and the sex of the animal

- Attach the tag to the carcass so that the tag remains securely fastened and visible

**Note:** You may not remove more than one notch indicating date or sex, nor tag more than one carcass using the same tag.

You may not hunt or pursue a bear after any of the notches have been removed from the tag or after the tag has been detached from the permit.

You may not possess a bear pelt or unskinned carcass without a valid permanent possession tag affixed to the pelt or unskinned carcass. This provision does not apply to a person in possession of a properly tagged carcass or pelt within 48 hours after the kill, provided the person was issued and is in possession of a valid permit.

## Harvest reporting

*Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-17*

If you harvest a bear, you must contact the Division within 48 hours. You will need to report exactly where the bear was taken (GPS coordinates preferred) and meet with a Division employee to have a permanent tag affixed to the carcass.

Evidence of the bear's sex must remain attached to the bear's carcass or pelt until a Division employee attaches a permanent tag.

To report your harvest after business hours (8 a.m.–5 p.m., Monday through Friday) or over the weekend, please call your local police department (on a non-emergency line). They will contact a conservation officer who can assist you.

## Evidence of sex and age

*Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-16*

Evidence of the bear's sex must remain attached to the bear's carcass or pelt until a Division employee attaches a permanent tag.

The permit holder must bring the pelt and skull to a conservation officer or Division office in an unfrozen condition. This allows Division

biologists to gather management data.

The Division may seize any pelt not accompanied by its skull.

## Permanent tag

*Utah Code § 23-20-3 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-17*

Any bear harvested by the permit holder must be checked by a Division employee within 48 hours after the date of kill. That employee will affix a permanent possession tag to the pelt or unskinned carcass.

During the check-in process, you must also provide the location of the harvest and one of the bear's teeth to the Division employee.

If you need to reach a Division employee after regular business hours, over the weekend, or on a holiday, contact your local police dispatch office.

You may not possess an unskinned carcass or a green pelt after the 48-hour check-in period without a permanent tag. In addition, you cannot ship a green pelt out of Utah or present it to a taxidermist if the pelt does not have a permanent possession tag attached.

## Transporting a bear

*Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-18*

If you are a permit holder who has legally harvested a bear, you may transport the carcass under the following conditions:

- The bear is properly tagged.
- You have physical possession of the appropriate permit.

## Exporting a bear from Utah

*Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-19*

You may export a legally taken bear or its parts if you have a valid bear permit, and the bear is properly tagged with a permanent possession tag.

You may not ship a bear pelt from Utah—without first obtaining a shipping permit issued by an authorized Division representative.

## Disposal of wildlife

### Donating

*Utah Code § 23-20-9 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-20*

A person may donate protected wildlife or its parts to another person only at one of the following locations:

- The residence of the donor
- The residence of the recipient
- A meat locker
- A storage plant
- A meat-processing facility

A written statement of donation must be kept with the protected wildlife or parts showing all of the following information:

- The number and species of protected wildlife or parts donated
- The date of donation
- The license or permit number of the donor and the permanent possession tag number
- The signature of the donor

A green pelt of any bear donated to another person must have a permanent possession tag affixed. Along with the pelt, the recipient must also retain the written statement of donation.

### Purchasing or selling

*Utah Code § 23-20-3 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-21*

You may purchase or sell legally obtained, tanned bear hides.

You may not purchase, sell, offer for sale or barter a green pelt, gall bladder, tooth, claw, paw or skull of any bear.

### Wasting wildlife

*Utah Code § 23-20-8 and Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-22*

You may not waste—or permit to be wasted—any protected wildlife or its parts.

**Note:** The skinned carcass of a bear may be left in the field and does not constitute a waste of wildlife. However, the Division recommends that hunters remove the carcass from the field.

## Livestock and commercial crop depredation

*Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-23*

There are bear-removal options for livestock owners and commercial crop growers who have chronic problems with depredating bears. To learn more about these options, see *Utah Admin Rule R657-33-23* or call the nearest Division office.

Hunters who are interested in taking depredating bears may contact the Division, and the agency will call them as needed.

### Extended and preseason hunts

*Utah Admin. Rule R657-33-25*

The Division may authorize an extended or preseason hunt on selected limited-entry hunting units to control depredation or nuisance problems.

The Division director could choose to authorize any preseason or extended season hunts for problem areas, and those hunts would be carried out by hunters who drew limited-entry permits for those areas.

### Trespassing

*Utah Code §§ 23-20-14, 23-21-14 and 23-20-3.5*

While taking wildlife or engaging in wildlife-related activities, you may not—without permission—enter or remain on privately owned land that is:

- Cultivated
  - Properly posted
  - Fenced or enclosed in a manner designed to exclude intruders
- In addition, you may not:
- Enter or remain on private land when directed not to do so by the owner or a person acting for the owner.
  - Obstruct any entrance or exit to private property.

“Cultivated land” is land that is readily identifiable as land whose soil is loosened or

broken up for the raising of crops, land used for the raising of crops, or a pasture that is artificially irrigated.

“Permission” means written authorization from the owner or person in charge to enter upon private land that is cultivated or properly posted. Permission must include all of the following details:

- The signature of the owner or person in charge
- The name of the person being given permission
- The appropriate dates
- A general description of the land

“Properly posted” means that signs prohibiting trespass—or bright yellow, bright orange or fluorescent paint—are clearly displayed at all corners, on fishing streams crossing property lines, and on roads, gates and rights-of-way entering the land. Or, they are displayed in a manner that is visible to a person in the area.

You may not post private property you do not own or legally control or land that is open to the public as provided by *Utah Code § 23-21-4*. In addition, it is unlawful to take protected wildlife or its parts while trespassing in violation of *Utah Code § 23-20-14*.

You are guilty of a class B misdemeanor if you violate any provision described in this section. Your license, tag or permit privileges may also be suspended.

### Harvest and pursuit restrictions

*Utah Code § 23-20-3 and Utah Admin. Rules R657-33-25 and R657-33-26*

Depending on the type of permit you obtain, various restrictions apply.

#### Harvest restrictions

If you obtain a valid permit to harvest a bear, you may take only one bear. It may not be a cub or a female accompanied by cubs.

You may only hunt in the season and area

specified on your permit. Likewise, you may use only the weapon listed on your permit.

**New this year:** There are now limits on the number of dogs you may use during a bear hunt. See page 25 for details.

If you are the owner or handler of dogs being used to harvest a bear—and there is not an open pursuit season—you must:

- Have either a valid pursuit permit and be accompanied by a licensed hunter
- OR—
- Have a valid bear hunting permit (either limited entry or harvest objective) that allows the use of dogs

#### Pursuit restrictions

A pursuit permit of any kind does **not** allow you to kill a bear.

During the summer pursuit season and restricted summer pursuit season, you may not use more than eight dogs at one time to pursue a black bear on any unit. **New this year:** Now, you may only use a maximum of 16 dogs during the spring and fall pursuit and hunting seasons.

Pursuit restrictions differ, depending on type of permit you have.

#### General restrictions

Even with a pursuit permit (or a restricted pursuit limited-entry permit), you may not perform any of the following actions:

- Pursue a cub or a female bear with cubs
- Repeatedly pursue, chase, tree, corner or hold at bay the same bear during the same day
- Possess a firearm or any device that could be used to kill a bear while pursuing bear, unless you are licensed to carry a concealed weapon

#### Pursuit permits

If you have a valid pursuit permit, you may pursue bears in any unit that is not designated as restricted during all three pursuit seasons.

**New this year:** Nonresidents with pursuit permits may not use them on any restricted pursuit units unless they are accompanying someone who possesses a valid restricted pursuit permit or hunting permit for that unit and season. Residents may use a pursuit permit on restricted pursuit units during the spring pursuit season.

You may purchase a pursuit permit at any time from Division offices, license agents and at [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov).

An eligible hunter may obtain a bear pursuit permit and either a limited-entry or harvest-objective permit.

### Restricted pursuit limited-entry permits

If you have a valid restricted pursuit limited-entry permit, you may pursue bears in the following areas and seasons:

- The restricted pursuit unit and season listed on your permit
- Any unit that is not designated as restricted during all three pursuit seasons

**New this year:** The Utah Wildlife Board approved new spring restricted pursuit seasons for nonresidents on the Book Cliffs, La Sal and San Juan units. The spring pursuit seasons on those units are **not** restricted for resident pursuers.

In addition, if you do not have a restricted pursuit limited-entry permit, you may **not** pursue bears in any of the restricted pursuit units during the summer pursuit seasons.

Individuals who combine packs of dogs to pursue a bear during either summer season on a restricted pursuit unit must comply with the eight-dog limit. They must also have at least one restricted pursuit limited-entry permit in their possession.

On a restricted pursuit unit, the dog handler must remain close enough to the permit holder to maintain visual contact and verbal communication without the assistance of any electronic device. The only time a dog handler

may separate from the pursuit-permit holder is to retrieve dogs that leave the pack. The dog owner must do all of the following:

- Take reasonable steps to keep the pack together before and during pursuit
- Only separate from the permit holder to retrieve stray dogs (and not actively pursue a bear during the retrieval process)
- Immediately release any bear that is incidentally treed or held at bay by the stray dogs

See the table on page 41 for detailed information about restricted pursuit units and season dates.

You may apply for a restricted pursuit limited-entry permit in the state's black bear drawing, beginning Feb. 3, 2020. See page 10 for more information on how to apply for a permit.

An eligible hunter may obtain a bear restricted pursuit limited-entry permit and either a bear limited-entry permit or a bear harvest-objective permit.

### Guides and outfitters

If you are a Utah-licensed guide or outfitter—and you charge a customer more than \$100 for a bear hunting or pursuit trip—you do not have to purchase a separate bear pursuit permit to guide that customer in the field.

Guides and outfitters must be licensed to operate in the state of Utah before they can legally accompany hunters in the field to pursue or harvest a bear. To learn more about this requirement, see the box on page 21.

## HUNT TABLES

*The Division does not guarantee access to any private or public land. Hunt unit boundaries may include private property or other excluded areas. Hunters must research land accessibility before hunting.*

### Spring limited-entry hunts

Permit fee: Resident \$83, Nonresident \$308.

Use the hunt number to apply. Bonus point code: **BER**

#### Any legal weapon, no bait allowed

Unit	Hunt	Res.	Nonres.	Season dates
Beaver	BR7000	9	1	March 28–May 31
Book Cliffs, Bitter Creek/South	BR7001	40	4	March 28–May 31
Cache/Ogden	BR7017	1	0	March 28–May 31
Central Mtns, Manti-North	BR7003	17	1	March 28–May 31
Central Mtns, Manti-South/San Rafael, North	BR7004	13	1	March 28–May 31
Central Mtns, Nebo	BR7005	11	1	March 28–May 31
Fillmore, Pahvant	BR7007	1	0	March 28–May 31
Kamas/North Slope, Summit	BR7018	7	0	March 28–May 31
La Sal	BR7008	40	3	March 28–May 31
Mt Dutton	BR7009	3	0	March 28–May 31
Panguitch Lake/Zion	BR7010	9	0	March 28–May 31
Paunsaugunt	BR7011	3	0	March 28–May 31
Plateau, Boulder/Kaiparowits	BR7012	26	2	March 28–May 31
Plateau, Fishlake/Thousand Lakes	BR7013	4	0	March 28–May 31
San Juan	BR7014	40	3	March 28–May 31
South Slope, Bonanza/Diamond Mtn/Vernal	BR7015	11	1	March 28–May 31
Wasatch Mtns, West-Central	BR7016	34	3	March 28–May 31



## HUNT TABLES

The Division does not guarantee access to any private or public land. Hunt unit boundaries may include private property or other excluded areas. Hunters must research land accessibility before hunting.

### Summer limited-entry hunts

Permit fee: Resident \$83, Nonresident \$308.

Use the hunt number to apply. Bonus point code: **BER**

**Note:** The first week of the summer season overlaps the last week of the spring limited-entry season, which allows the use of dogs. Also, please keep in mind that no early baiting is allowed for the summer limited-entry hunts.

#### Any legal weapon, no dogs allowed

Unit	Hunt	Res.	Nonres.	Season dates
Beaver	BR7100	9	1	May 23–June 28
Book Cliffs, Bitter Creek/South	BR7101	14	1	May 23–June 28
Book Cliffs, Little Creek Roadless	BR7102	2	0	May 23–June 28
Cache/Ogden	BR7121	1	0	May 23–June 28
Central Mtns, Manti-North	BR7104	12	1	May 23–June 28
Central Mtns, Manti-South/San Rafael, North	BR7105	13	1	May 23–June 28
Central Mtns, Nebo	BR7106	10	1	May 23–June 28
Chalk Creek/East Canyon/Morgan-South Rich	BR7122	6	0	May 23–June 28
Kamas/North Slope, Summit	BR7123	8	0	May 23–June 28
La Sal	BR7108	25	2	May 23–June 28
Mt Dutton	BR7109	3	0	May 23–June 28
Nine Mile	BR7110	13	1	May 23–June 28
North Slope, Three Corners/West Daggett	BR7111	3	0	May 23–June 28
Panguitch Lake/Zion	BR7112	4	0	May 23–June 28
Paunsaugunt	BR7113	3	0	May 23–June 28
Plateau, Boulder/Kaiparowits	BR7114	18	2	May 23–June 28
Plateau, Fishlake/Thousand Lakes	BR7115	4	0	May 23–June 28
San Juan	BR7116	25	2	May 23–June 28
South Slope, Bonanza/Diamond Mtn/Vernal	BR7117	9	0	May 23–June 28
South Slope, Yellowstone	BR7118	6	0	May 23–June 28
Wasatch Mtns, Avintaquin/Currant Creek	BR7119	5	0	May 23–June 28
Wasatch Mtns, West-Central	BR7120	21	1	May 23–June 28

## HUNT TABLES

The Division does not guarantee access to any private or public land. Hunt unit boundaries may include private property or other excluded areas. Hunters must research land accessibility before hunting.

### Fall limited-entry hunts

Permit fee: Resident \$83, Nonresident \$308.

Use the hunt number to apply. Bonus point code: **BER**

**Note:** For hunts starting Aug. 15, you can begin baiting on Aug. 1, but you may not hunt or harvest a bear until Aug. 15. For many hunts starting Nov. 7, you can begin baiting on Oct. 24, but you may not hunt or harvest a bear until Nov. 7.

#### Any legal weapon

Unit	Hunt	Res.	Nonres.	Season dates
Beaver	BR7200	6	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Cache/Ogden	BR7228	1	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14*
Central Mtns, Manti-North	BR7203	10	1	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14*
Central Mtns, Manti-South/San Rafael, North	BR7204	13	1	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14*
Central Mtns, Nebo	BR7205	4	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14*
Fillmore, Pahvant	BR7207	1	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Kamas/North Slope, Summit	BR7229	6	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14*
Monroe	BR7209	1	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Mt Dutton	BR7210	2	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Nine Mile	BR7211	25	2	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
North Slope, Three Corners/West Daggett	BR7212	2	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Panguitch Lake/Zion	BR7213	8	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Paunsaugunt	BR7214	3	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Plateau, Boulder/Kaiparowits	BR7215	8	1	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14*

\* No early baiting before Nov. 7–Nov. 14

## HUNT TABLES

The Division does not guarantee access to any private or public land. Hunt unit boundaries may include private property or other excluded areas. Hunters must research land accessibility before hunting.

## Fall limited-entry hunts (continued)

## Any legal weapon

Unit	Hunt	Res.	Nonres.	Season dates
Plateau, Fishlake/Thousand Lakes	BR7216	4	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov 7–Nov. 14
South Slope, Bonanza/Diamond Mtn/Vernal	BR7218	7	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov 7–Nov. 14
South Slope, Yellowstone	BR7219	4	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov 7–Nov. 14
Wasatch Mtns, Avintaquin/Currant Creek	BR7220	9	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov 7–Nov. 14
Wasatch Mtns, West-Central	BR7221	8	0	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov 7–Nov. 14

## Any legal weapon, no dogs allowed from Aug. 15–Sept. 30

**Note:** No early baiting is allowed for this hunt.

Unit	Hunt	Res.	Nonres.	Season dates
Book Cliffs, Bitter Creek/South	BR7201	14	1	Aug. 1–Nov. 14

## Any legal weapon, no dogs allowed from Sept. 12–20

**Note:** For hunts starting Aug. 8, you can begin baiting on July 25, but you may not hunt or harvest a bear until Aug. 8.

Unit	Hunt	Res.	Nonres.	Season dates
La Sal	BR7208	6	0	Aug. 8–Sept. 20 Nov. 7–Nov. 14*
San Juan	BR7217	6	0	Aug. 8–Sept. 20 Nov. 7–Nov. 14*

\* No early baiting before Nov. 7–Nov. 14

## HUNT TABLES

The Division does not guarantee access to any private or public land. Hunt unit boundaries may include private property or other excluded areas. Hunters must research land accessibility before hunting.

## Spot-and-stalk limited-entry hunts

Permit fee: Resident \$83, Nonresident \$308.

Use the hunt number to apply. Bonus point code: BER

## Any legal weapon, no dogs and no bait allowed

Unit	Hunt	Res.	Nonres.	Season dates
Book Cliffs, Little Creek Roadless	BR7224	9	0	March 28–May 31
Book Cliffs, Little Creek Roadless	BR7225	9	1	Sept. 5–Nov. 14
Cache/Ogden	BR7230	5	0	Sept. 23–Oct. 25
Central Mtns, Manti-North	BR7231	21	2	Sept. 23–Oct. 25
Central Mtns, Manti-South/San Rafael, North	BR7232	21	2	Sept. 23–Oct. 25
Central Mtns, Nebo	BR7233	19	2	Sept. 23–Oct. 25
Chalk Creek/East Canyon/Morgan-South Rich	BR7234	5	0	Sept. 23–Oct. 25
Kamas/North Slope, Summit	BR7235	5	0	Sept. 23–Oct. 25
La Sal	BR7226	68	7	Sept. 23–Oct. 25
Plateau, Boulder/Kaiparowits	BR7236	45	5	Sept. 23–Oct. 25
San Juan	BR7227	68	7	Sept. 23–Oct. 25

## HUNT TABLES

The Division does not guarantee access to any private or public land. Hunt unit boundaries may include private property or other excluded areas. Hunters must research land accessibility before hunting.

### Harvest-objective hunts

Permit fee: Resident \$83, Nonresident \$308.

Unit	Harvest objective	Season dates	Comments
Chalk Creek/East Canyon/Morgan-South Rich	5	March 28–May 31	No bait
Chalk Creek/East Canyon/Morgan-South Rich	3	Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14	No bait
Nine Mile	22	March 28–May 31	No bait
Nine Mile	10	Sept. 23–Oct. 25	No dogs/No bait
North Slope, Three Corners/West Daggett	4	March 28–May 31	No bait
North Slope, Three Corners/West Daggett	2	Sept. 23–Oct. 25	No dogs/No bait
South Slope, Bonanza/Diamond Mtn/Vernal	3	Sept. 23–Oct. 25	No dogs/No bait
South Slope, Yellowstone	5	March 28–May 31	No bait
South Slope, Yellowstone	3	Sept. 23–Oct. 25	No dogs/No bait
Wasatch Mtns, Avintaquin/Currant Creek	12	March 28–May 31	No bait
Wasatch Mtns, Avintaquin/Currant Creek	3	Sept. 23–Oct. 25	No dogs/No bait

### Multi-season limited-entry hunts

Permit fee: Resident \$166, Nonresident \$475. Bonus point code: **BER**. Use the hunt number to apply.

**Note:** For each season date, you must use the appropriate weapon type and hunting method and you must follow any preseason baiting restrictions.

#### Any legal weapon

Unit	Hunt	Res.	Nonres.	Season dates
Beaver	BR7318	2	0	March 28–May 31 May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 27 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Book Cliffs, Bitter Creek/South	BR7300	6	0	March 30–May 31 May 23–June 28 Aug. 1–Nov. 14*

\* No dogs allowed from Aug. 15–Sept. 30.

## HUNT TABLES

The Division does not guarantee access to any private or public land. Hunt unit boundaries may include private property or other excluded areas. Hunters must research land accessibility before hunting.

### Multi-season limited-entry hunts (continued)

#### Any legal weapon

Unit	Hunt	Res.	Nonres.	Season dates
Book Cliffs, Little Creek Roadless	BR7301	2	0	March 28–May 31 May 23–June 28 Sept. 5–Nov. 14
Cache/Ogden	BR7320	1	0	March 28–May 31 May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Sept. 23–Oct. 25 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Central Mtns, Manti-North	BR7303	9	0	March 28–May 31 May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Sept. 23–Oct. 25 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Central Mtns, Manti-South/San Rafael, North	BR7304	10	1	March 28–May 31 May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Sept. 23–Oct. 25 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Central Mtns, Nebo	BR7305	4	0	March 28–May 31 May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Sept. 23–Oct. 25 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Kamas/North Slope, Summit	BR7321	3	0	March 28–May 31 May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Sept. 23–Oct. 25 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
La Sal	BR7307	9	1	March 28–May 31 May 23–June 28 Aug. 8–Sept. 20* Sept. 23–Oct. 25 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Nine Mile	BR7317	6	0	May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14

BLUE TEXT: Spot-and-stalk only during this season • \* No dogs allowed from Sept. 12–20.

## HUNT TABLES

The Division does not guarantee access to any private or public land. Hunt unit boundaries may include private property or other excluded areas. Hunters must research land accessibility before hunting.

## Multi-season limited-entry hunts (continued)

## Any legal weapon

Unit	Hunt	Res.	Nonres.	Season dates
North Slope, Three Corners/ West Daggett	BR7308	1	0	May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Panguitch Lake/Zion	BR7309	3	0	March 28–May 31 May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Plateau, Boulder/Kaiparowits	BR7310	8	0	March 28–May 31 May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 22 <i>Sept. 23–Oct. 25</i> Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Plateau, Fishlake/Thousand Lakes	BR7311	1	0	March 28–May 31 May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
San Juan	BR7312	9	1	March 28–May 31, May 23–June 28, Aug. 8–Sept. 20* <i>Sept. 23–Oct. 25</i> Nov. 7–Nov. 14
South Slope, Bonanza/Diamond Mtn/Vernal	BR7313	5	0	March 28–May 31 May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
South Slope, Yellowstone	BR7314	2	0	May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Wasatch Mtns, Avintaquin/Currant Creek	BR7315	3	0	May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14
Wasatch Mtns, West-Central	BR7316	8	0	March 28–May 31 May 23–June 28 Aug. 15–Sept. 22 Nov. 7–Nov. 14

BLUE TEXT: Spot-and-stalk only during this season • \* No dogs allowed from Sept. 12–20.

## HUNT TABLES

The Division does not guarantee access to any private or public land. Hunt unit boundaries may include private property or other excluded areas. Hunters must research land accessibility before hunting.

## Restricted pursuit limited-entry units

Permit fee: Resident \$30, Nonresident \$135. Bonus point code: BPU. Use the hunt number to apply.

**Note:** A restricted pursuit permit is valid on the unit and during the season listed on your permit. It is also valid during all three pursuit seasons on any pursuit unit that is not designated as restricted.

**New this year:** The Utah Wildlife Board approved new spring restricted pursuit seasons for nonresidents on the Book Cliffs, La Sal and San Juan units. The spring pursuit seasons on those units are not restricted for resident pursuers, which is why resident permits aren't listed in the spring table below.

## Spring season

Unit	Hunt	Res.	Nonres.	Season dates
Book Cliffs	BR1015	See below	2	March 28–May 31
La Sal	BR1017	See below	2	March 28–May 31
San Juan	BR1016	See below	2	March 28–May 31

**Important:** If you are a Utah resident who wants to pursue bears on the Book Cliffs, La Sal or San Juan units during the spring pursuit season (March 28–May 31, 2020), you need to purchase a pursuit permit at [wildlife.utah.gov](http://wildlife.utah.gov), from a license agent or at any Division office. The spring pursuit seasons on those units are not restricted for resident pursuers.

## Early summer season

Unit	Hunt	Res.	Nonres.	Season dates
Book Cliffs	BR1008	26	2	July 6–July 17
La Sal	BR1009	14	1	July 6–July 17
San Juan	BR1010	5	0	July 6–July 17

## Late summer season

Unit	Hunt	Res.	Nonres.	Season dates
Book Cliffs	BR1011	26	2	July 20–Aug. 1
La Sal	BR1012	14	1	July 20–Aug. 2
San Juan	BR1013	5	0	July 20–Aug. 2



## DEFINITIONS

Utah Code § 23-13-2 and Utah Admin. Rules R657-33-2, R657-33-12 and R657-33-26

**Accompany** means that on a restricted pursuit unit, the dog handler must remain close enough to the permit holder to maintain visual contact and verbal communication without the assistance of any electronic device. The only time a dog handler may separate from the pursuit-permit holder is to retrieve dogs that leave the pack. The dog handler must do all of the following:

- Take reasonable steps to keep the pack together before and during pursuit
- Only separate from the permit holder to retrieve stray dogs (and not actively pursue a bear during the retrieval process)
- Make reasonable efforts to call dogs off of a bear that has been cornered or held at bay
- Immediately release any bear that is incidentally treed or held at bay by the stray dogs

**Bait** means any lure containing animal, mineral or plant materials.

**Baiting** means the placing, exposing, depositing, distributing or scattering of bait to lure, attract or entice bear on or over any area.

**Bear** means *Ursus americanus*, commonly known as black bear.

**Canned hunt** means that a bear is treed, cornered, held at bay or its ability to escape is otherwise restricted for the purpose of allowing a person who was not a member of the initial hunting party to arrive and take the bear.

**Carcass** means the dead body of an animal or its parts.

**Certificate of registration** means a document issued under the Wildlife Resources Code, or any rule or proclamation of the Wildlife Board granting authority to engage in activities not covered by a license, permit or tag.

**Compensation** means anything of economic value in excess of \$100 that is paid, loaned, granted, given, donated or transferred to a dog handler for or in consideration of pursuing bear for any purpose.

**Cub** means a bear less than one year of age.

**Cultivated land** means land that is readily identifiable as any of the following:

- Land whose soil is loosened or broken up for the raising of crops
- Land that is used for the raising of crops
- Pasturage that is artificially irrigated

**Division** means the Division of Wildlife Resources.

**Dog handler** means the person in the field that is responsible for transporting, releasing, tracking, controlling, managing, training, commanding and retrieving the dogs involved in the pursuit. The owner of the dogs is presumed the dog handler when the owner is in the field during pursuit.

**Domicile** means the place where an individual has a fixed permanent home and principal establishment. It is also the place to which the individual, if absent, intends to return; and in which the individual, and the individual's family voluntarily reside, not for a special or temporary purpose, but with the intention of making a permanent home. To create a new domicile, an individual shall abandon the old domicile and be able to prove that a new domicile has been established.

**Draw-lock** means a mechanical device used to hold and support the draw weight of a conventional or compound bow at any increment of draw until released by the archer using a trigger mechanism attached to the device.

**Evidence of sex** means the sex organs of a bear, including a penis, scrotum or vulva.

**Green pelt** means the untanned hide or skin of any bear.

**Harvest-objective hunt** means any hunt that is identified as harvest-objective in the hunt table of this guidebook.

**Harvest-objective permit** means any permit valid on harvest-objective units.

**Harvest-objective unit** means any unit designated as harvest-objective in the hunt table of this guidebook.

**Hunting** means to take or pursue a reptile, amphibian, bird or mammal by any means.

**Hunting mentor** means a Resident or Nonresident individual possessing a valid permit issued by the Division to take protected wildlife in Utah and who is 21 years of age or older at the time of application for the Mentor Program.

**Limited-entry hunt** means any hunt listed in the hunt table of this guidebook that is identified as a limited-entry hunt for bear, and that does not include harvest-objective hunts or pursuit only. Certain limited-entry hunts span multiple seasons and are identified in this guidebook as multi-season limited-entry hunts.

**Limited-entry permit** means any permit obtained for a limited-entry hunt by any means, including conservation permits, expo permits and sportsman permits.

**Livestock** means cattle, sheep, goats and turkeys.

**Nonresident** means a person who does not qualify as a resident.

**Permit** means a document, including a stamp, which grants authority to engage in specified activities under the Wildlife Resources Code or a rule or proclamation of the Wildlife Board.

**Private lands** means any lands that are not public lands, excluding Native American Trust Lands.

**Protected wildlife** means the animals defined in the "wildlife" definition below. It does not include coyote, field mouse, gopher, ground squirrel, jackrabbit, muskrat and raccoon.

**Public lands** means any lands owned by the state, a political subdivision or independent entity of the state, or the United States—excluding Native American Trust Lands—that are open to the public for purposes of engaging in pursuit.

**Pursue** means to chase, tree, corner or hold a bear at bay.

**Qualifying minor** means a Utah Resident who is under 18 at the time of application for the Mentor Program and who is otherwise eligible to lawfully hunt.

**Resident** means a person who has a domicile (fixed permanent home and principal establishment) in Utah for six consecutive months immediately preceding the purchase of a license or permit, AND DOES NOT claim residency for hunting, fishing or trapping in any other state or country.

An individual retains Utah residency if he or she leaves Utah to serve in the armed forces of the United States, or for religious or educational purposes, and does NOT claim residency for hunting, fishing or trapping in any other state or country.

Members of the armed forces of the United States and dependents are residents as of the date the member reports for duty under assigned orders in Utah, if:

- The member is NOT on temporary duty in Utah and does NOT claim residency for hunting, fishing or trapping in any other state or country.
- The member presents a copy of his or her assignment orders to a Division office to

verify the member's qualification as a resident.

A nonresident attending an institution of higher learning in Utah as a full-time student may qualify as a resident if the student has been present in Utah for 60 consecutive days immediately preceding the purchase of the license or permit and does NOT claim residency for hunting, fishing or trapping in any other state or country.

A Utah resident license or permit is invalid if a resident license for hunting, fishing or trapping is purchased in any other state or country.

An individual DOES NOT qualify as a resident if he or she is an absentee landowner paying property tax on land in Utah.

**Restricted bear pursuit limited-entry permit** means a limited-entry permit issued in a Division drawing that authorizes an individual to pursue bear using trained dogs, consistent with the restrictions found in Utah Admin. Code R657-33.

**Restricted pursuit unit** means a bear pursuit unit where pursuit is allowed only by a dog handler who meets at least one of the following requirements:

- Possesses a special pursuit permit issued for that particular unit
- Possesses or is accompanied by a hunter who possesses a limited-entry bear permit for the unit, and pursuit must occur within the area and during the season established for the limited-entry bear permit
- Is engaged in pursuit for compensation (see Compensation above)

**Spot-and-stalk** means that a hunter must locate, pursue and harvest a bear without using dogs or bait.

**Tag** means a card, label or other identification device issued for attachment to the carcass of protected wildlife.

**Take** means to hunt, pursue, harass, catch, capture, possess, angle, seine, trap or kill any protected wildlife; or attempt any of the above actions.

**Trapping** means taking protected wildlife with a trapping device.

**Valid application** means it is for a species for which the applicant is eligible to possess a permit;

There is a hunt for that species regardless of estimated permit numbers; and

There is sufficient information on the application to process the application, including personal information, hunt information, and sufficient payment.

Applications missing any of the above items may still be considered valid if the application is timely corrected through the application correction process.

**Waiting period** means a specified period of time that a person who has obtained a bear permit or a restricted bear pursuit permit must wait before applying for any other bear permit or restricted bear pursuit permit.

**Wildlife** means crustaceans—including brine shrimp and crayfish—and all vertebrate animals living in nature, except feral animals.

**Written permission** means written authorization from the owner or person in charge to enter upon private lands. It must include all of the following items:

- The name and signature of the owner or person in charge
- The address and phone number of the owner or person in charge
- The name of the dog handler given permission to enter the private lands
- A brief description of the pursuit activity authorized
- The appropriate dates
- A general description of the property