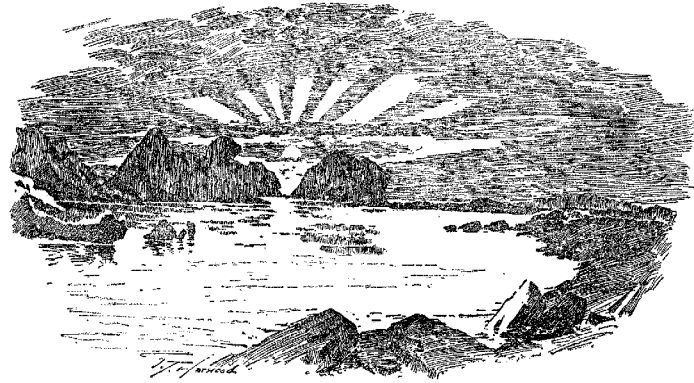


Decision and Implementation Structure



Decision and Implementation Structure

Decision Process for Proposals on GSL

DFFSL will be the keeper of the CMP and will be the formal point of contact for proposals on sovereign land. Before making formal contact with DFFSL, proponents are encouraged to contact other divisions and agencies regarding how the proposal may affect them.

A "new" proposal is a proposed land use that is either new for GSL or of such size that, in DFFSL's judgement, there is potential for significant adverse effects. DFFSL will determine if a proposal is a new proposal for which a presentation to the GSL Board of Directors (BOD) is required. The BOD includes DNR's division directors and executive management. For land uses that are not new proposals, DFFSL will accept an application or refer the proponent to the appropriate DNR division for routine application processing.

The BOD will convene and hear presentations on new proposals by proponents. Since detail of a proposal may not be available, and a proposal may not have undergone environmental review at the time a presentation is made, the BOD will only approve or reject the proposal in concept. If a proposal is approved in concept, the proponent will be referred to the appropriate division which will process an application through standard procedures. If a proposal is rejected in concept, it is not necessarily the end of the line for a proposal. A proponent may still file an application and await final action by a division. In either case, the

final action by a division is subject to appeal through administrative processes.

The Great Salt Lake Technical Team (GSLTT)

Section 65A-10-8-(11) provides that the division shall:

"Retain and encourage the continued activity of the Great Salt Lake Technical Team."

GSLTT members, because of their knowledge of the lake and their agencies' responsibilities, provide valuable technical information for decision making. This group is a forum for the interchange of information on monitoring, research, ideas and programs that affect the activities and natural systems of GSL. Agencies involved in the lake's management will be asked to provide representation to the GSLTT. Each of the five counties involved with the lake also will be asked to provide a representative. Other interests and groups may be invited to participate on the GSLTT.

The activities and reports of GSLTT will be presented to the BOD after review and analysis by staff from DFFSL. The GSLTT will be self governing with staff support from the DNR as requested and will be asked to convene for conduct of business at least two times per year.

Persons or groups interested in being associated with the activities of the GSLTT should submit a written request to DFFSL's director requesting

notification of meetings and work groups.

Appeal Process

In accordance with Utah Code Ann. Section 65A-1-4, "Division of Forestry, Fire and State Lands -- Creation -- Power and authority," an aggrieved party to a final action by the director of DFFSL may appeal that action to the executive director of DNR within 20 days after the action. The executive director shall rule on the DFFSL director's action within 20 days after receipt of the appeal. The specific procedure through which any party aggrieved by a DFFSL action may appeal is outlined in Utah Admin. R. 652.

Comprehensive Management Plan

It is anticipated that the GSL CMP will have a life span of a minimum of ten years. The plan is subject to review and revision as the need arises.

DFFSL will be the administrator of the plan process. This division will be responsible for implementing the recommendations of the plan. It will also be the central point of contact for anyone wishing to receive information on the plan or to inquire on an aspect of the plan. The division's office will act as the repository of information for all information pertaining to the development and completion of the plan.

DFFSL will work with DNR and other agencies to allocate and protect GSL public trust resources. Routine allocation issues such as leasing and permitting for land use will be handled by DFFSL. Other issues will be referred by DFFSL to divisions and state agencies as needed.